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8	City of Stockton						
9	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT						
10	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
11	SACRAMENTO DIVISION						
12							
13	In re:	Case No.	2012-32118				
14	CITY OF STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA,	D.C. No.	JD-1				
15	Debtor.	Chapter 9					
16			ATION OF ANN GOODRICH				
17	IN SUPPORT OF CITY OF STOCKTON'S OPPOSITION TO FRANKLIN'S MOTION FOR STA						
18		PENDING APPEAL OF CONFIRMATION ORDER					
19		Date:	December 10, 2014				
20		Time: Dept:	11:00 a.m. C, Courtroom 35				
21		Judge:	Hon. Christopher M. Klein				
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I, Ann Goodrich, hereby declare:

- 1. I am a consultant and labor relations project manager retained by the City of Stockton, California (the "City" or "Stockton") since January 9, 2011. In my capacity as the City's labor relations project manager, I have coordinated the City's labor negotiations with all of its employee groups and prepared recommendations for the City regarding its negotiations. I make this declaration in support of the City's Opposition To Franklin's Motion For Stay Pending Appeal Of Confirmation Order.
- 2. I am affiliated with the law firm of Renne Sloan Holtzman Sakai LLP as a Managing Consultant. Before this affiliation, I was an independent human resources and labor relations consultant. I also served for 29 years as Human Resources Director in the counties of El Dorado, Sonoma, and Santa Barbara. In addition to my work for Stockton, I am currently serving as the interim Human Resources director of the City of Oxnard, California.
- 3. In my role with the City, I have witnessed first-hand the difficulties the ongoing bankruptcy case has had on the ability of the City to hire and retain key employees and safety officers. I have also witnessed first-hand the difficulties in negotiating union contracts with the City's nine labor unions amongst the swirling uncertainty resulting from the City's bankruptcy case. As set forth in more detail below, it is very likely that these difficulties and challenges will continue and possibly worsen if the City is not now able to exit bankruptcy and move forward with its plan to revitalize the City of Stockton.

<u>Impact Of Stay Being Granted - Recruitment</u>

- 4. Delaying the City's exit from bankruptcy will very likely continue to negatively impact the City's ability to recruit new employees. The ongoing stigma and uncertainty of Stockton's continuing bankruptcy almost certainly has a very negative impact on the views of candidates about Stockton's desirability as an employer.
- 5. The City competes with other employers when trying to hire all types of employees, with the competition greatest for higher skilled positions, such as managers, professional licensed staff, and police officers. Other agencies are recovering from the recession and are raising salaries again. Other agencies do not suffer from the uncertainty surrounding

Stockton's ability to continue to retain its employees and remain competitive on compensation and benefits. While Stockton's compensation was above the labor market prior to bankruptcy, it is now below the labor market. This is due both to cuts the City made to its compensation and benefits as well as to the increases other agencies made to their compensation. Because of its below-market compensation, the City begins at a disadvantage in recruiting employees. The uncertainty of the bankruptcy case is another level of disadvantage in recruitment and retention of employees. A delay in the City's exit from bankruptcy would prolong this uncertainty, leaving the cloud of bankruptcy as a challenge for the City to overcome when recruiting necessary staff. The appeal has already led to headlines like that of the recent Sacramento Bee article attached hereto as Exhibit A: "Appeal Threatens Stockton Bankruptcy Ruling on Pensions."

Headlines like this further stigmatize the City and hurt its ability to recruit employees.

- 6. The continuing uncertainty created by remaining in bankruptcy would particularly hurt the City's recruitment of police officers. Police officers, more so than other employees, tend to choose agencies to be their employers for the entirety of their careers. They tend to stay with the same organization and promote up internally, in contrast with other occupations where people move from one organization to another for promotions and advancements. Because of this tendency, police officers evaluate the long-term viability of a potential employer not only by its compensation and pensions benefits, but also as to the ability of the organization to fund up-to-date technology and to fund modern and advanced equipment. With so many other agencies actively hiring as they emerge from the recession, Stockton has a great deal of competition for police officers. It is a more positive "sell" to potential employees to say that the City has had its problems, but is on a path to correcting them and is moving forward, as it could if it were to emerge from bankruptcy, than to say that the City is still in bankruptcy for another year, or two years, or even three years, while an appeal continues the current state of uncertainty and doubt.
- 7. Stockton still has a lot of work to do to improve public services, and quality managers and professional staff members are key to this effort. Many, if not most, of these types of candidates are already employed in other agencies and are already invested in their career progression in those agencies and the pension plan of those agencies. The continuing uncertainty

that exists as a result of the bankruptcy case will most likely discourage candidates from taking a chance with Stockton, where they might think they would be jeopardizing their futures.

Obviously, such fears and doubts are far greater if Stockton continues in bankruptcy than if it were to emerge from its bankruptcy case.

Impact Of Stay Being Granted - Retention

- 8. City employees have had their salaries and benefits cut, have seen their colleagues get laid off, and have been asked to do even more work than before with outdated equipment while the City struggled through bankruptcy. The threat of losing pensions has been hanging over the heads of employees for over two years, and that threat, combined with the stigma of bankruptcy, is a constant source of concern in retaining employees. Turnover of key staff continues to be a concern. The October 30, 2014, ruling approving the City's plan of adjustment encouraged City employees and gave them hope that the relief they have been so eagerly awaiting—getting out of bankruptcy—had finally arrived. A stay could crush these hopes and cause employees severe disappointment by prolonging the uncertainty resulting from the bankruptcy case. It is likely that a number of employees will capitulate and decide to look elsewhere for more stable and certain career opportunities. The most qualified employees will likely have success in leaving their City positions and the less qualified employees will not, and will remain with the City.
- 9. Delaying the City's exit from bankruptcy could demoralize a workforce that has sacrificed considerably in the last five years. It may be the final push that causes employees to look elsewhere, to agencies with less drama and more security for their future employment.

 Impact Of Stay Being Granted Labor Negotiations
- 10. Years of hardship, including compensation reductions, cuts to and then complete elimination of retiree medical benefits, and two and a half years of a bankruptcy where their pensions have been threatened, has put a strain on the relationships between the City and its unions. Contracts have been continued on an annual basis with little change because neither party feels that it can make long-term commitments while the uncertainty of the City's bankruptcy case remains. As a result of the annual renewals, the City continues to expend more resources in

1	contract negotiations than in more certain times when the parties have the confidence in the City's					
2	ability to perform its commitments and more confidence in the City's future and are comfortable					
3	negotiating two or three year contracts.					
4	 A delay in exiting bankruptcy and the ongoing instability created by the 					
5	bankruptcy proceedings would continue to strain collective bargaining and would likely make the					
6	unions wonder if the City will be able to honor its commitments. Instead of looking forward and					
7	working on a positive future together, both parties are put in a position of trying to protect their					
8	positions with the unknown outcome of the bankruptcy making them each take defensive					
9	positions.					
10	Executed this 21th day of November 2014, at Sute But California. I declare under					
11	penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States of America that					
12	the foregoing is true and correct.					
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14	Ann Goodrich					
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Appeal threatens Stockton bankruptcy ruling on pensions

BY DALE KASLER - DKASLER@SACBEE.COM 11/14/2014 9:26 AM | Updated: 11/14/2014 9:17 PM



Pedestrians cross a street near the Bank of Stockton in Stockton, Calif. GOSIA WOZNIACKA / AP

Taking aim again at government pensions, an angry creditor in Stockton's bankruptcy case is appealing a pivotal court ruling that preserved the city's retirement plans.

Franklin Templeton Investments filed a notice of appeal this week, challenging the Oct. 30 decision that approved Stockton's reorganization plan. The plan keeps the pensions fully funded but pays Franklin, which loaned the city \$36 million during better economic times, just 12 cents on the dollar.

The case in U.S. Bankruptcy Court in Sacramento has been a major legal test of the sanctity of public pensions in California. City officials and CalPERS, which runs the Stockton retirement program, fought hard to keep their relationship intact in the face of the challenge from Franklin. Stockton pays CalPERS about \$29 million a year, a figure that is growing.

On Oct. 1, U.S. Bankruptcy Judge Christopher Klein ruled that Stockton had the right to slash its payments to CalPERS, a decision that sent shock waves through the pension industry and had public employee unions scrambling. A month later, though, the judge approved the Stockton reorganization plan even though it leaves the city's pensions untouched.

City officials and CalPERS had argued that even a partial reduction in Stockton's pension contributions would have ruinous effects. A complicated mechanism would be set in motion that would have reduced retirement benefits by 60 percent, and Stockton officials predicted a mass exodus by police officers and other city workers.

"It would be no simple task to go back and redo the pensions," Klein acknowledged.

Franklin argued there was no proof that city workers would quit in droves. Besides, the investment firm said, it was simply unfair to pay CalPERS in full while giving Franklin such a meager repayment on its debt.

Rebuffed at the lower court level, Franklin is taking its case to the 9th Circuit Bankruptcy Appellate Panel in Pasadena.

"We intend to continue to fight for a fair and equitable recovery for our fund investors," said Franklin spokeswoman Stacey Coleman by email. She added that Franklin believes Klein "made many factual and legal errors in concluding that the Stockton plan satisfies the applicable requirements of the Bankruptcy Code."

Klein's ruling would allow the city to exit bankruptcy, more than two years after it filed for Chapter 9 municipal bankruptcy. The Franklin appeal keeps the case going.

Stockton City Manager Kurt Wilson, in a prepared statement, said the appeal isn't surprising. "We faced an unprecedented level of opposition because we made unprecedented levels of difficult decisions," he said.

CalPERS Chief Executive Anne Stausboll, also in a prepared statement, defended Klein's ruling, "which protected the pension promises made to (Stockton's) public employees and allows the city and its employees to finally move forward."

Call The Bee's Dale Kasler, (916) 321-1066 (tel:(916)%20321-1066). Follow him on Twitter @dakasler (https://twitter.com/dakasler).